

**PART -A****I. Choose and write the correct answer from the given:****5 x 1 = 5**

- From which language is the word India derived?
a) Greek b) Persian c) Arabic d) Sanskrit
- Name the first Veda.
a) Yajur b) Rig c) Atharva d) Sama
- Who was the founder of the Maratha Kingdom?
a) Baji Rao I b) Shambaji c) Shivaji d) Nana Fadnavis
- Who was the founder of Sikhism
a) Guru Nanak b) Guru Gobind Singh c) Guru Amar Das d)Guru Hargobind
- Who was the first Portuguese governor in India?
a) Alfonso-de- Albuquerque b) Francisco de Almeida
c) Amerigo Vespucci d) Vasco da Gama

II. Fill in the blanks with appropriate answers given :**5 x 1 = 5****(Ustad Isa, numismatics,advaita,Kanishka,Dayanand Saraswati, Harshavardhana,)**

- The study of coins is called.
- _____is the greatest king of the Kushanas
- _____is the master architect of the Taj Mahal
- the Philosophy of Shankaracharya is called_____
- _____was the founder of Arya Samaj.

III. Match the following :**5**

11.

A	B
a. Samudra Gupta	• Kanpur
b. Nanasaheb	• Subash Chandra Boss
c. Ibrahim Adil Shah II	• Kaviraja
d. Ramakrishna Mission	• Mohamad Gawan
e. INA	• Swami Vivekananda
	• Kitab- i- navras

IV. Answer the following questions in one word or one sentence each**5 x 1 = 5**

- Who wrote Indica?
- Who is the founder of Jainism?
- Who built madrasa in Bidar?
- Who was called Tiger of Mysore?
- Expand KPCC

PART - B

V. Answer any EIGHT of the following questions in two words or two sentences each **8 x 2 = 16**

17. Mention any two names of India.
18. What is the meaning of the term “ Paleolithic “?
19. Write any two titles of Amoghavarsha.
20. Name the two works of Abul Faza?
21. Who was Shivappanayaka and why was he famous?
22. Who were the parents of Madwacharya?
23. Name any two famous temples of Hoysalas.
24. Name any two trading centers of the Portuguese.
25. What is the Mahalwari system?
26. Name any two members of the JVP Committee.

PART- C

VI. Answer any TWO of the following questions in 15-20 sentences each **2 x 5 =10**

27. Write a note on the importance of Archaeological sources in reconstructing the History of India
28. Discuss the socio-religious reforms of the cholas.
29. Explain the achievements of Mohammad Gawan.
30. Explain the role of Karnataka in the Indian National Movement.

PART- D

VII. Answer any TWO of the following questions in 30-40 sentences each **10 x 2 = 20**

31. Why is the Gupta age called “the Golden Age” in Indian history?
32. Critically examine the administrative experiments of Mohammad bin Tugulak
33. Explain the religion, literature, art and architecture of the Vijayanagar Empire
34. Briefly explain the Carnatic Wars.

PART- E

VIII. 35) Arrange the following events in chronological order **1 x 4 = 4**

- a) First Battle of Panipat
- b) Formation of Indian National Congress
- c) Second Buddhist Council
- d) Battle of Plassey

IX. Answer the following questions as indicated **5 + 5 = 10**

- 36) Mark any Five of the following Historical places on the outline map of India provided to you and add an explanatory note on each marked place in two sentences.

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|----------------|-----------|---------------------|------------|-------------|
| a) Takshashila | b) Kanchi | c) Devagiri | d) Panipat | e) Calcutta |
| f) Pondicherry | g) Meerut | h) Jallian Walabagh | | |
